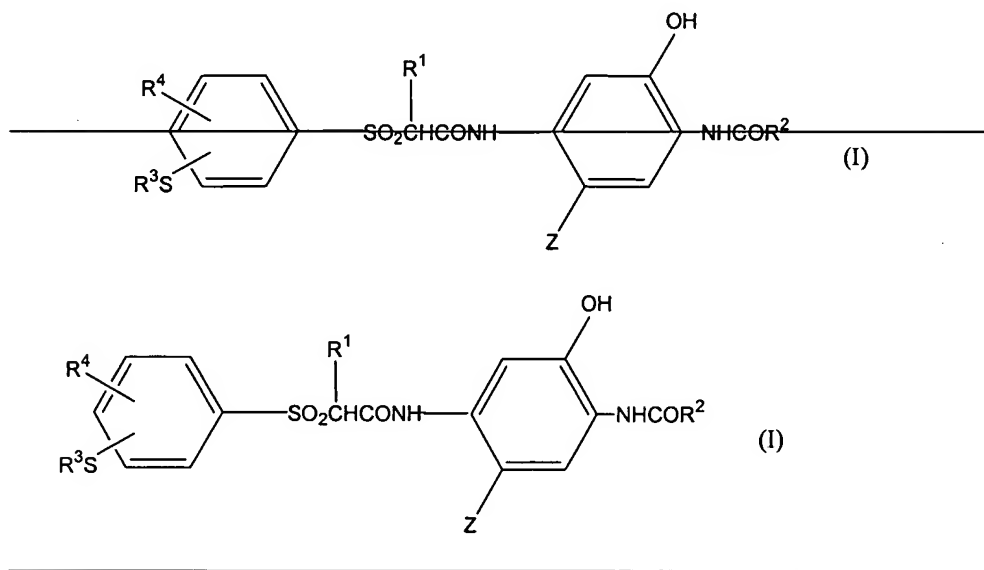


**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1. (currently amended) A print material having a support, at least one red-sensitive silver halide emulsion layer containing at least one cyan coupler, at least one green-sensitive silver halide emulsion layer containing at least one magenta coupler and at least one blue-sensitive silver halide emulsion layer containing at least one yellow coupler, characterized in that the silver halide crystals of the red-sensitive layer have a chloride content of at least 95 mol%, contain 20 to 500 nmol of iridium per mol of silver halide and the cyan coupler is of the formula



in which

R<sup>1</sup> means a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group

R<sup>2</sup> means an alkyl, aryl or hetaryl group,

R<sup>3</sup> means an alkyl or aryl group,

R<sup>4</sup> means an alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, acyloxy, acylamino, sulfonyloxy, sulfamoylamino, sulfonamido, ureido, hydroxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonylamino,

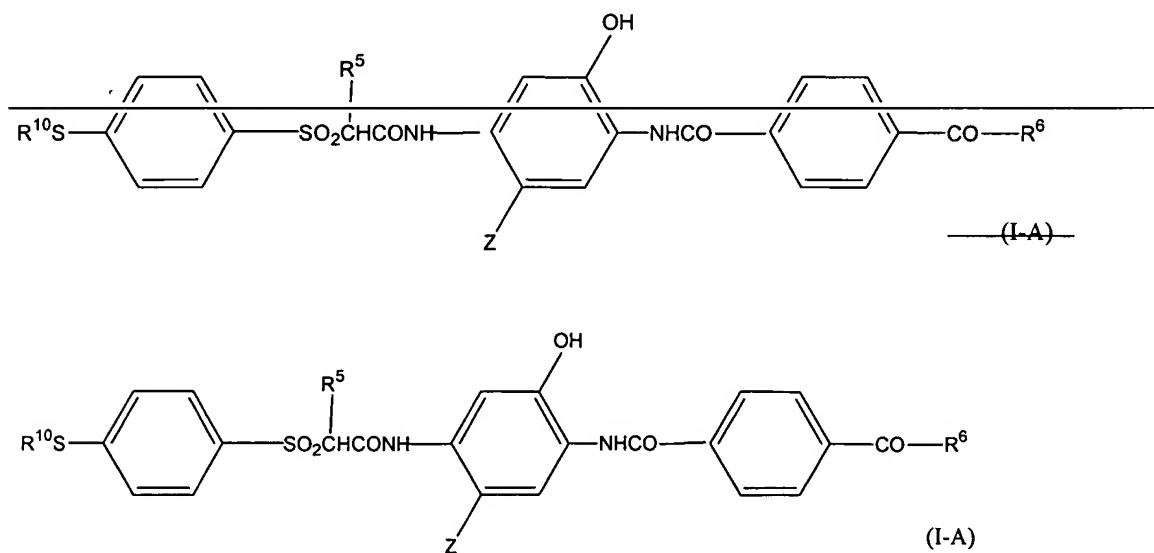
carbamoyl, alkylthio, arylthio, arylthio, alkylamino or arylamino group or a hydrogen atom and

Z means a hydrogen atom or a group eliminable under the conditions of chromogenic development.

2. (Original) A print material according to claim 1, characterized in that it is a colour negative material.

3-6 (Cancelled)

7. (Currently amended) A print material according to claim 1, wherein the cyan coupler is of the formula



in which

R<sup>5</sup> means a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group,

$R^6$  means  $OR^7$  or  $NR^8R^9$ ,

$R^7$  means an unsubstituted or substituted alkyl group with 1 to 6 C atoms,

$R^8$  means an unsubstituted or substituted alkyl group with 1 to 6 C atoms,

$R^9$  means a hydrogen atom or an unsubstituted or substituted alkyl group with 1 to 6 C atoms,

$R^{10}$  means an unsubstituted or substituted alkyl group and

Z means a hydrogen atom or a group eliminable under the conditions of chromogenic development,

wherein the total number of the C atoms of the alkyl groups  $R^7$  to  $R^{10}$  in a coupler molecule is 8 to 18.

8. (Previously presented) A process for the production of a positive reflection print from a color negative, which comprises exposing an image information onto the print material as claimed in claim 1.
9. (Previously presented) The process according to claim 8, wherein the color negative is digitized and exposure is performed with a scanning printer.
10. (Previously presented) The process according to claim 8, wherein the exposure is performed with an analogue printer.